ARTICLE 23 - WORK-INCURRED INJURY OR ILLNESS

A. Employees who are unable to work due to a work-incurred injury or illness compensable under the California Workers’ Compensation Act are eligible to use sick leave and vacation as provided below. When sick leave is exhausted and when employees are still unable to work because of such illness or injury, employees may use extended sick leave or leave without pay as provided below.

B. Supplemental Sick Leave and Vacation

1. An employee who accrues sick leave and vacation shall be permitted to use accrued sick leave and vacation to supplement temporary disability payments received under the California Workers’ Compensation Act.

2. Sick leave and vacation payments shall be the difference between the amount payable to the employee under the Workers’ Compensation Act and the employee’s regular salary. The additional payment made to an employee to provide the employee with full salary prior to receipt of disability payments shall be deemed an advance temporary disability payment within the Workers’ Compensation Act.

3. An employee who receives advance temporary disability payment shall reimburse the University for such payment. The reimbursement is used to restore proportionate sick leave and vacation credit as appropriate.

C. Extended Sick Leave

1. An Employee who is receiving temporary disability payments and who has exhausted all accrued sick
leave shall receive extended sick leave payments from the University in an amount equal to the difference between the payments from Workers’ Compensation and eighty percent (80%) of the basic salary plus any shift differential, which the employee would have received. If such an employee returns to part-time University duties, the earnings plus any temporary disability payments, if less than eighty percent (80%) of basic salary plus shift differential, shall be supplemented by extended sick leave payments, provided the employee continues to be medically authorized for Workers’ Compensation temporary disability. Total extended sick leave payments shall not exceed twenty-six (26) weeks for any one injury or illness.

2. An eligible employee who does not have sufficient accrued sick leave to cover the three (3) calendar days’ waiting period for receiving Workers’ Compensation payments shall receive extended sick leave payment to cover any part of the waiting period not covered by sick leave. Payment shall be made only after determination that the injury or illness is compensable under Workers’ Compensation.

3. An employee who elects not to use all sick leave is not eligible for extended sick leave benefits.

D. Effect on Pay Status

1. Supplemental Leave

An employee who is receiving temporary disability payments and supplemental sick leave or vacation as described in Sections B.1-3 above is considered on regular pay status for purposes of application of provisions of this Agreement, except completion of the probationary period. Sick leave and vacation
accrued during this period may be used as soon as they accrue.

2. Extended Sick Leave

An employee who is receiving temporary disability payments and extended sick leave benefits is considered to be on regular pay status for purposes of application of provisions of the Agreement, except completion of the probationary period. However, sick leave and vacation accrued during this period is credited to the employee only upon return to work. If an employee separates without returning to work, the employee shall be paid for vacation for the period the employee received extended sick leave payment.

3. Leave Without Pay

An employee on leave without pay and receiving temporary disability payments accrues sick leave and vacation on the same basis as if regularly employed, but such accrual is credited to the employee only upon return to work. If an employee separates without returning to work, no payment shall be made for such vacation credit.

E. Separation

An employee shall not use vacation, sick leave, or extended sick leave to supplement Workers’ Compensation payments beyond a predetermined date of separation or leave without pay. Any vacation credit remaining on the date of separation shall be paid on a lump-sum basis.