Disability Benefits for Faculty and Other Academic Appointees

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

KEY DEADLINES

WITHIN 31 DAYS AFTER YOU'RE HIRED

Enroll in Voluntary Short-Term Disability, Voluntary
 Long-Term Disability or both now when you won't need a statement of health.

AS SOON AS YOU KNOW YOU'LL NEED TO TAKE DISABILITY LEAVE

- **See your doctor** so he or she can certify the date your disability began.
- Let your department chair know of your situation and request any salary continuation you think you'll need.

AS SOON AS YOU BELIEVE YOUR DISABILITY MAY LAST LONGER THAN YOUR SALARY CONTINUATION

• File a claim for any disability benefits for which you're eligible.

WITHIN 120 DAYS OF SEPARATION FROM UC EMPLOYMENT (IF YOU DO SO BECAUSE OF A DISABILITY)

• **Apply for UCRP Disability income**, if you're eligible. If you apply later than this deadline, you'll lose your right to continue your UC-sponsored health coverage.

Choosing the right disability insurance can give you essential peace of mind should illness or injury ever prevent you from working for a long time.

As a UC faculty member or other non-student academic appointee, you have several options for replacing some or all of your salary and continuing your benefits if you become disabled. Disability insurance may replace a portion of your salary during pregnancy and for the first few weeks after childbirth.

You'll find that the details of disability benefits are complex; if you need clarification, you can contact your Benefits Office for help.

This fact sheet outlines the features of UC's disability plans as they apply to faculty members and other academic appointees who do not accrue sick leave. For a more comprehensive description of UC's disability benefits, take a look at *Your Guide to UC Disability Benefits*. For details about faculty leave provisions as they relate to pregnancy, take a look at family-friendly policies, available at ucal.us/acadfamilyfriendly.

This fact sheet also includes important information about your choices regarding Voluntary Disability insurance, for which you pay the premiums.

Represented faculty and other academic appointees should see their contract for more information about disability benefits.

Please note that this is a summary of your benefits only; additional requirements, limitations and exclusions may apply. Refer to applicable plan documents and regulations for details. The Group Disability Income policy issued by the carrier and the University of California Group Insurance Regulations and other applicable UC policies will take precedence if there is a difference between the provisions therein and those of this document.

UC's Disability Plans

WHAT'S DIFFERENT FOR FACULTY MEMBERS AND OTHER NON-STUDENT ACADEMIC APPOINTEES

If you are a faculty member who does not accrue sick leave and you become disabled, you have the option to request a period of paid medical leave from your department or your location's Academic Personnel Office. If this is granted, you'll continue to receive some percentage of your salary during this period, as well as UC's contributions toward your benefits. You may also be eligible for disability benefits after your paid medical leave ends.

Faculty use their paid medical leave period to satisfy some or all of the Basic and Voluntary Disability plans' waiting period.

UC faculty members and other academic appointees have access to a variety of disability benefit options. They work in concert with each other to provide you with varying amounts of salary replacement. In most cases, disability benefits from all sources combined can provide a maximum of 60 percent of your eligible earnings. (Two exceptions: If your disability is covered under Workers Compensation or you're in a Health Sciences Compensation Plan, you may be eligible for disability income that represents a larger percentage of your salary. Talk with your department to find out more.)

Please note that your eligible disability compensation doesn't include by-agreement payments, compensation for University Extension teaching, summer salary, additional compensation, and may not cover all components of Health Sciences Compensation.

The UC plans include:

BASIC DISABILITY

The Basic Disability plan covers 55 percent of your eligible monthly earnings to a maximum of \$800 per month, for up to six months. If you're an academic appointee with full, mid-level or core benefits, you're covered at no cost to you. The six-month benefit period includes a 14-day waiting period before you can begin receiving benefits and the plan doesn't cover work-related injuries or illnesses. While you're receiving Basic Disability income, UC continues to pay its portions of your medical premiums. Basic Disability income is generally taxable.

Social Security Normal Retirement Age

Full retirement age (also called "normal retirement age") had been 65 for many years. However, beginning with people born in 1938 or later, that age gradually increases until it reaches 67 for people born after 1959. Go to SSA.gov to calculate your retirement age.

VOLUNTARY SHORT-TERM DISABILITY (VSTD)

The Voluntary Short-Term Disability plan offers more comprehensive coverage—60 percent of your eligible earnings, with a maximum benefit of \$15,000 per month. After a 14-day waiting period, benefits only last for 6 months, making this a good option to cover short-term needs such as pregnancy, most illnesses, minor surgeries, etc.

If you accrue sick leave, you are required to use up to 22 days of sick leave, if available, prior to the start of Basic or VSTD benefits.

As a faculty member, it's possible that you would receive salary continuation for some or all of the time that would otherwise be covered by Basic Disability and VSTD. (See Leaves of Absence/ Sick Leave/Medical Leave, Academic Personnel Manual 710, available by searching ucal.us/apmsearch.)

VOLUNTARY LONG-TERM DISABILITY (VLTD)

Benefits from the Voluntary Long-Term Disability (VLTD) plan don't start until six months after your date of disability or when VSTD benefits end, whichever is later. The plan pays 60 percent of your eligible earnings, up to \$15,000 per month and benefits can last until your Social Security Normal Retirement Age. This type of plan doesn't pay for the first six months of disability, but offers long-term benefits in cases of catastrophic injury or illness, or permanently disabling conditions.

After 24 months of VLTD, the definition of disability becomes more restrictive. If you still qualify, you receive up to 60 percent of your eligible earnings until your disability ends or you reach the Social Security normal retirement age, whichever is earlier.

There are a few exceptions:

- If your disability is due to a mental health or substance abuse diagnosis, VLTD benefits are limited to 24 months.
- If your disability is related to a condition you were diagnosed with or had treatment for prior to your initial enrollment in Voluntary Disability Insurance and your disability leave begins within one year after your enrollment, you will not be eligible for VLTD benefits for that condition. (You will be eligible for VSTD or Basic Disability benefits.)

You pay the entire premium for VSTD and VLTD. The cost varies depending on your age, salary and your UC Retirement Plan eligibility.

VLTD may provide payments for work-related disabilities, in coordination with Workers' Compensation. If you are receiving other sources of income (Workers' Compensation, UCRP Disability, Social Security disability income, state disability) that exceed 60 percent of your eligible income, the Voluntary Disability plan would pay a minimum of \$100 per month.

Voluntary Disability income is generally not taxable, since you pay the premiums with after-tax dollars.

DISABILITY INCOME FROM UCRP

UC Retirement Plan (UCRP) Disability income is available to you if you're a member of UCRP, meet the vesting requirements, and have a disability that's expected to last 12 months or longer. It replaces a maximum of 22.5 to 40 percent of your UCRP covered compensation, depending on when you joined UCRP and how much service credit you have. (As with Voluntary Disability, your eligible compensation doesn't include by-agreement payments, compensation for University Extension teaching, summer salary, additional compensation or Health Sciences Compensation Plan additional compensation.) You may also be eligible to have UC pay some portion of its contribution to your medical premiums. UCRP Disability income is generally taxable.

The specifics of UCRP disability coverage are complicated. You'll find much more information in *Your Guide to UC Disability Benefits* on UCnet.

How Paid Medical Leave and Disability Benefits Intersect

The examples below illustrate how paid medical leave and UC's disability plans work together under a variety of disability scenarios.

FXAMPIF 1

Faculty member with a twelve-month fiscal year appointment has back surgery and is not able to return to work for three years. Faculty member is not yet vested in UCRP (i.e. does not have five years or more service credit). In this example, the campus approves six months paid medical leave.

BASIC DISABILITY INSURANCE ONLY

Month	Month 1 through 6	Month 7 through 12	Month 13 through 36
	Paid medical leave	 Basic Disability (coverage for up to 24 weeks) \$800 per month 	No benefits payable beyond month 12
	Date of disability		'

BASIC AND VOLUNTARY LONG-TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

Month	Month 1 through 6	Month 7 through 36
	Paid medical leave	 Voluntary Long-Term Disability 60% of monthly earnings to \$15,000 per
	Date of disability	month

EXAMPLE 2

Faculty member with a nine-month academic year appointment is a new hire and is disabled during the first three months of employment. The faculty member will be unable to work for nine months. In this example, the campus approves one semester (18 weeks) of paid medical leave.

BASIC DISABILITY INSURANCE ONLY

Month	One semester (18 weeks)	Week 19 through 39 (or Month 9)
	Paid medical leave	 Basic Disability (coverage for up to 24 weeks) \$800 per month
:	Date of disability	

BASIC AND VOLUNTARY SHORT-TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

Month	One semester (18 weeks)	Week 19 through 39 (or Month 9)
	Paid medical leave	 Basic and Voluntary Short-Term Disability (coverage for up to 24 weeks) 60% of monthly earnings to \$15,000 per month
	Date of disability	

EXAMPLE 3

Faculty member with a 12-month fiscal year appointment is in a car accident and is permanently disabled and unable to return to work. The faculty member is a vested UCRP member, joined UCRP before July 1, 2013, is coordinated with Social Security and has 10 years of service credit. In this example, the campus approves one year of paid medical leave.

BASIC DISABILITY INSURANCE ONLY PLUS UCRP

Month	Month 1 through 12	Month 13 through 18	Month 19 and on
	Paid medical leave	UCRP Disability pays 35% of salary until re	tirement*
	Date of disability	Basic Disability supplements UCRP 20% of salary (up to maximum of 55%) to \$800 per month for up to 24 weeks	No disability insurance benefits payable beyond month 18

VOLUNTARY SHORT- AND LONG-TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE PLUS UCRP

Month	Month 1 through 12	Month 13 until Social Security retirement age*	
	Paid medical leave	UCRP Disability pays 35% of salary	
		• Voluntary Disability supplements UCRP 35% of salary (up to maximum of 60%) up to \$15,000 per month (VSTD from Months 13 through 18; VLTD for Months 19 and on)	
	Date of disability		

^{*} Dependent on date of hire and participation in Social Security. Although UCRP Disability income may end at age 65, the member could choose to retire and receive basic retirement income or a lump sum cashout.

Making Choices About Voluntary Disability

Again, if you're an academic appointee with full, mid-level or core benefits, you are covered (at no cost to you) by Basic Disability, which covers 55 percent of your eligible monthly earnings to a maximum of \$800 per month, for up to six months.

But, you have a choice to make about signing up for voluntary disability.

The choices you make about Voluntary Disability will have important repercussions for you and your family if you ever need to use your coverage. Here are some issues to consider:

THREE KEY THINGS TO KNOW:

- UC does not participate in California State Disability
 Insurance (CA-SDI). If you've worked for UC for less than
 18 months and your previous employer was in California,
 you may be eligible for CA-SDI benefits under your previous
 employer.
- Enrolling in Voluntary Short-Term Disability (VSTD) and/or Voluntary Long-Term Disability (VLTD) allows you to replace substantially more of your salary than Basic Disability alone. You may find that the comparatively higher level of replacement income from Voluntary Disability provides crucial help in covering not only your usual living expenses, but the extra medical costs that can come with a lengthy period of disability.
- If you think you may need this type of insurance, it's to your
 advantage to enroll when you're first hired, during your period
 of initial eligibility, or PIE. (This is usually a 31-day period that
 starts on your hire date.) Unlike other benefits, Voluntary
 Short-Term Disability (VSTD) and Voluntary Long-Term
 Disability (VLTD) aren't usually open for enrollment during
 UC's annual Open Enrollment period. If you want to enroll
 later, you'll have to submit a statement of health, which could
 disqualify you from adding coverage based on a current or
 pre-existing medical condition.

FACTORS TO CONSIDER:

- Are you considering becoming pregnant? If you think you
 may become pregnant and don't have paid child-bearing
 leave (see page 9), consider VSTD. For most pregnancies, the
 disability period begins two weeks before birth and ends six
 weeks after birth (eight weeks for a Caesarian section). Don't
 wait until you're pregnant to enroll. You'll be required to
 submit a statement of health, and if you're already pregnant,
 your enrollment application will not be accepted.
- Do you have a lot of non-negotiable monthly expenses? If you've recently purchased a new house, for instance, you may not want to risk a long period without income to help pay your mortgage.
- Are you eligible for paid faculty medical leave? If so, you might only need VLTD.

• How's your savings cushion? If you have substantial savings that could tide you over the first six months of a disability, you might choose VLTD only. If not, you should consider both VSTD and VLTD for the most protection.

To estimate the premiums for VSTD and VLTD, use the Insurance Premium Estimator on ucal.us/premiumestimator.

Definition of disability: The definition of disability changes with the type of coverage you receive:

- Basic and Voluntary Short-Term Disability—In order to receive benefits, you must be disabled from your job at UC, based on the demands and duties of your position.
- Voluntary Long-Term Disability—For the first 24 months
 of VLTD benefits, in order to receive benefits, you must be
 disabled from your own occupation, based on the demands
 and duties that employers (throughout the national economy)
 ordinarily require for that occupation. From the 25th
 month onward, you must be disabled from any occupation
 (throughout the national economy) for which you are
 reasonably suited.

(Note that UCRP defines disability differently; for details, please see "Understanding UCRP Disability" in Your Guide to UC Disability Benefits for details.)

Pre-existing conditions: The Basic and VSTD Plans do not have exclusions for pre-existing conditions.

The VLTD Plan has some exclusions for disabilities resulting from medical conditions diagnosed or treated prior to enrollment in the plan. See UC's Disability Policy for complete information.

Mental Illness and Substance Abuse: VLTD benefits for these issues are generally limited to a 24-month lifetime maximum benefit, unless you remain continuously hospitalized or in an extended treatment plan.

Time Off for Pregnancy and Childbirth

If you're an Academic Senate faculty member or an academic appointee who does not accrue sick leave and you have served at least 12 months, you're eligible for a childbearing leave. During your childbearing leave, you'll receive at least your approved base salary for up to eight weeks while you are unable to perform your normal university obligations. See the policy on Family Accommodations for Childbearing and Childrearing, APM-760 (available at ucal.us/apmsearch).

For example, a faculty member who becomes pregnant and is scheduled to deliver on March 1 would typically be able to stop working two weeks before the scheduled delivery date. For those two weeks, plus the first six weeks after the March 1 birth, the faculty member would receive full salary and benefits.

After that, the amount of salary the faculty member would receive, and for how long, would depend on whether the faculty member was enrolled in Voluntary Short-Term Disability (VSTD).

(If you're a member of a Health Sciences Compensation Plan, check with your department to determine what portion of your salary is covered during pregnancy leave. Compensation received under a Health Sciences Compensation Plan does not count toward UCRP disability.)

If you're an academic appointee who accrues sick or vacation leave, you may use your accrued leave in lieu of taking an unpaid childbearing leave. Prior to the start of any VSTD benefits, you must use up to 22 days of accrued sick leave, if you have it, during any applicable waiting period.

If you're an academic appointee who does not accrue sick leave and you have not served in a UC title for at least 12 consecutive months, you will receive at least your approved base salary for approximately the period which would be accrued during the appointment in accordance with the accrual rates in APM-710.

If you need to modify your work duties or schedule either before or after you add a child to your family, you may be eligible to do so under a provision known as active service-modified duties. For more information, see the policy on Family Accommodations for Childbearing and Childrearing, APM–760 (ucal.us/apmsearch).

Most often, the faculty salary continuation period would replace some or all of the UC-paid Basic Disability and employee-paid VSTD benefits for pregnancy. (The VSTD disability benefits start two weeks before the baby is due and continue until six weeks after the birth for a normal pregnancy—eight weeks for a Caesarean section). If you experience complications during pregnancy or childbirth, you may be able to extend your benefits.

You may be eligible to take statutory Pregnancy Disability Leave for up to four months and continue UC's contributions toward your medical, dental and vision benefits. This leave would run concurrently with your faculty childbearing leave, and eight weeks could be paid under childbearing leave. Once this leave ends, you may also be eligible for Parental Bonding Leave under the California Family Rights Act (CFRA) and/or the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), and for income replacement through UC's Pay for Family Care and Bonding program (PFCB).

For more information, please see the policies on Family Accommodations for Childbearing and Childrearing, APM–760 and on Leaves of Absence/ Family and Medical Leave, APM–715 (both available at ucal.us/apmsearch), the *Pregnancy, Newborn Child and Adopted Child Fact Sheet* (ucal.us/pregnancy) and the *Family and Medical Leave Benefits Fact Sheet* (ucal.us/fml).

The example below illustrates how various leave and pay options might work together.

A fulltime Senate faculty member (not a member of a Health Sciences Compensation Plan) with five years of service wants to take 12 weeks off for parental bonding. The faculty member is enrolled in VSTD and is disabled for ten weeks due to pregnancy and caesarian delivery.

BASIC AND VOLUNTARY SHORT-TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

Week	Week 1 through 8	Week 9 and 10	Week 11 through 22
	Baby is born at end of week 2 Full covered compensation and benefits continue as usual under the Policy on Family Accommodations for Childbearing and Childrearing (APM-760)	Basic and Voluntary Short-Term Disability 60% of eligible salary UC continues its contributions to medical, dental and vision premiums	 100% of eligible earnings for 8 weeks through PFCB Unpaid leave for remaining 4 weeks UC continues its contributions to medical, dental, and vision premiums
	Pregnancy disability leave under Law (PDLL) and FMLA Weeks 9-10: Unpaid childbearing	California's Pregnancy Disability Leave leave under APM-760-25	 Weeks 11-12: Parental bonding leave under FMLA and CFRA Weeks 13-22: Parental bonding leave under CFRA only

Other Disability Resources

DISABILITY COVERAGE FOR WORK-RELATED INJURIES OR ILLNESSES

If your disability is work-related, state Workers' Compensation benefits may provide you with up to two-thirds of your salary (up to a maximum of \$1,356.31 per week in 2021). A faculty member may use available paid medical leave to supplement Workers' Compensation benefits provided the total of the medical leave pay and Workers' Compensation benefits do not exceed their UCRP covered compensation for the period. If you accrue sick leave, you can supplement the Workers Comp benefits up to 100 percent of your salary by using accrued sick leave. Once you use up your sick leave, you may be eligible for Workers' Comp Extended Sick Leave, which will supplement your Workers' Compensation up to 80 percent of your salary.

To learn more about Workers' Compensation, contact the Workers' Compensation manager at your location. (There's a directory of UC WC managers at ucal.us/workerscompmanagers). Or see California's Workers' Compensation website, dir.ca.gov/dwc.

FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

You may be eligible to take unpaid Family and Medical Leave related to your disability for a period of time (and continue UC's contributions toward your medical, dental and vision benefits) under state and federal law. Please see the *Family and Medical Leave Benefits Fact Sheet* at ucal. us/fml for details and the policy on Leaves of Absence/Family and Medical Leave, APM-715 (ucal.us/apmsearch).

SOCIAL SECURITY DISABILITY

If you contribute to Social Security (or have in the past), contact the agency to find out about disability benefits you may be eligible for. You may also be eligible based on contributions by a spouse or former spouse. To learn more, go to the Social Security website at www.ssa.gov/disability.

By authority of the Regents, University of California Human Resources, located in Oakland, administers all benefit plans in accordance with applicable plan documents and regulations, custodial agreements, University of California Group Insurance Regulations, group insurance contracts, and state and federal laws. No person is authorized to provide benefits information not contained in these source documents, and information not contained in these source documents cannot be relied upon as having been authorized by the Regents. Source documents are available for inspection upon request (800-888-8267). What is written here does not constitute a guarantee of plan coverage or benefits—particular rules and eligibility requirements must be met before benefits can be received. The University of California intends to continue the benefits described here indefinitely; however, the benefits of all employees, retirees, and plan beneficiaries are subject to change or termination at the time of contract renewal or at any other time by the University or other governing authorities. The University also reserves the right to determine new premiums, employer contributions and monthly costs at any time. Health and welfare benefits are not accrued or vested benefit entitlements. UC's contribution toward the monthly cost of the coverage is determined by UC and may change or stop altogether, and may be affected by the state of California's annual budget appropriation. If you belong to an exclusively represented bargaining unit, some of your benefits may differ from the ones described here. For more information, employees should contact their Human Resources Office and retirees should call the UC Retirement Administration Service Center (800-888-8267).

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